

EXHIBIT 23

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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION

ORACLE AMERICA, INC.,

Plaintiff,

vs.

GOOGLE, INC.,

Defendant.

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)Case No.

)CV 10-03561 WHA

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VIDEOTAPED DEPOSITION OF

DONALD SMITH

November 20, 2015

Job No. CS2187585

REPORTED BY:

JULIE ANNE ZEIGLER, RPR, CSR 9750

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MS. LEWIS-GRUSS: Objection to the form.

THE WITNESS: This goes back to the Sun era, right, and so --

BY MR. MULLEN:

Q. I'm just asking for information from you from the recent time period.

A. I understand, but it was well-known that there was a dispute there, and that it was well-known -- as a third party, and it's my position and testimony here as Oracle -- that that was infringing, and it was well-known that it was.

Q. Are you familiar with the GNU Classpath Project?

A. I am, yes.

Q. How are you familiar with that?

A. Again, as part of the preparation for this case.

Q. And who did you talk to about GNU Classpath?

A. So we covered this at the very, very, very beginning of the morning. So this was as it relates to my conversation with Mark Wayne, who was a Sun employee at the time that that was going on. He conveyed the facts of that to me such that I could provide the testimony today.

Q. And what did Mr. Wayne convey to you

specifically?

A. So he conveyed to me the fact that Sun was aware of the GNU Classpath Project, had been monitoring it closely, had been -- saw it largely as an academic research-type effort; that it had people in contact with those that were working on it doing the development; that Sun at that time was considering open sourcing Java itself and was looking at that as a way to kind of manage that in a diplomatic way, or in a simple way, I guess to put it; and that there was only one case that that they were ever aware of where that code was used commercially and not just as a research project; and that was the case that we talked about very early this morning, which was a -- I don't know if it's a standards body or specification body in South Korea called WIPI, W-I-P-I. And as Sun became aware of that, they immediately engaged; and, as I understand it, there was even government involvement between the United States and South Korea. And so one interesting -- so one thing about that conversation was that South Korea was using GNU Classpath as "oh, we just got the code from there," but there was actually additional code outside of the Java SE specification -- sorry, I forget exactly which, I think it was MIPS-related code. So it was unclear whether that was just an excuse for doing what they had

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done or not, but what I do know is that it was resolved commercially. A company called ETRI commercially licensed that code, and so that, you know, helped fund Sun's ongoing Java development that way. And that, ultimately, Sun open sourced Java under a GPL license, and so that completely obviated anything around GNU Classpath, and it was just left. All the people that were involved in that particular research project just started working in OpenJDK.

Q. Are you aware of Oracle ever using GNU Classpath code in any of its products?

MS. LEWIS-GRUSS: Object to form; and to the extent -- and this is outside the scope of the 30(b)(6) topics.

THE WITNESS: So I'm not aware. And again, after 2006, all that source code was available in OpenJDK, and so there would have been no need for Oracle to ever use that in its product.

BY MR. MULLEN:

Q. So it's your testimony that there's no product at Oracle that uses code from GNU Classpath?

MS. LEWIS-GRUSS: Again, this is outside the scope of the 30(b)(6).

MR. MULLEN: I think this is directly within the scope of Topic 2.

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MS. LEWIS-GRUSS: I disagree with that. I think that Topic 2 is more narrow than your question; and I also object to the form.

THE WITNESS: So I have two parts to the answer there. So number one is I'm not aware of any Oracle product that is using GNU Classpath; and to the degree that a product existed as of 2006, it would be irrelevant because all that same source code is available under the GPL and more.

BY MR. MULLEN:

Q. Are you aware whether GNU Classpath still exists?

A. I am not aware if it still exists. I would not be surprised if it was available somewhere, but again, as of 2006, by having OpenJDK available under the same license, it wouldn't matter. It would -- the GPL permits somebody to come to OpenJDK today and take some or all of the source code and put it somewhere else under the GPL, so it would be no different than that.

Q. Does the GPL Version 2 license prohibit -- let me say it this way. Does the GPL license allow commercial use?

A. So you -- you can use -- subject to the terms and conditions of the GPL, you can create commercial products, yes.

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